

Maulana Azad Educational Trust's Y.B. CHAVAN COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(B.Pharm, M.Pharm & Research Centre)

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Đr. Dehghan Principal

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Chapter 3

Oxidative Stress and Pharmacology of Phenolic Antioxidants

Khan Dureshahwar^{*}, Naiknaware Raman B., Hemant D. Une and Mohammed Mubashir

Department of Pharmacology, Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Dr. Rafiq Zakaria Campus, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India

Abstract

The pathophysiology underlying oxidative stress has been connected to several chronic diseases. It is characterized as an imbalance between a biological organism's free radical production and antioxidant defence mechanisms, resulting in cellular damage either directly or indirectly. Phenolic phytochemicals, which are found in abundance in plants, represent a significant part of the human diet and are of serious importance responsible for the antioxidant characteristics and possible health benefits. Consumption of a variety of phenolic compounds found in foods may reduce the risk of health problems due to their antioxidant action, according to growing data. Phenolic compounds possess actions against allergies, inflammation, mutation, carcinogens, and modulators of enzymatic activities; and are recognized to have a wide range of biological activities, including pharmacological actions against oxidative damage diseases such as inflammatory processes, cardiovascular disease, cerebrovascular disease, cancer, and age-related diseases too. Beneficial health affects through the inhibition of reactive oxygen species (ROS), binding of electron acceptors, initiation of safe enzymes, inhibition of lipid peroxidation, enhanced cell death rate, suppression of cell differentiation, and angiogenesis reduction are a few of the biologically relevant signalling pathways that are being investigated. Antioxidant activity is found in a variety of polyphenolic compounds isolated from medicinal and food plants, with substantial variability in activity based on their chemical structures and experimental methods. This chapter discusses the pharmacology of these phenolic antioxidants in diseases influenced by oxidative stress.

Keywords: antioxidant, chronic diseases, health problems, oxidative stress, phenolics, pharmacology

^{*} Corresponding Author's Entail: dkmm31173@gmail.com

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EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT HIGH-FAT DIETS

RUPESH KUMAR GAUTAM . MUKESH NANDAVE



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Chapter 3

High-Fat Diets: The Risks and Benefits in Chronic Diseases

Dureshahwar Khan^{1,*}

Aman B. Upaganlawar²

Hemant D. Une1

and Mubashir Mohammed¹

¹Department of Pharmacology, Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India
²Department of Pharmacology, SNJB's SSDJ College of Pharmacy, Neminagar, Chandwad, Maharashtra, India

Abstract

A high-fat diet includes dietary fats derived mainly from flora and fauna. Some fats were proven to offer considerable health implications, while others were related to harmful impacts on health. Saturated and trans fat potentially harm health; in contrast, monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats benefit health. If the dietary intake of these components of fats is not balanced and optimum, higher consumption of unhealthy fats may lead to unwanted effects on the consumer. Intake of too much saturated and trans fat that, includes fatty meats, dairy products, and snacks such as potato chips, pizzas, margarine, etc., leads to an abnormal increase in blood cholesterol levels and low-density lipid (LDL) levels. Chronic disorders such as cardiovascular disease, obesity, diabetes, certain types of cancer, hormone imbalances, and so on are all linked to these factors. On the contrary, food items rich in mono or polyunsaturated fats like omega 3, including nuts, seeds, some omega 3-rich fish, etc., help to lessen the occurrence of various ailments and strengthen the body's different systems. In this chapter, the authors put forward the harmful and fruitful effects of different types of fat that are a part of a high-fat diet.

Keywords: cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, obesity, cancer, fats, omega 3

^{*} Corresponding Author's Email: dimm31173@gmail.com

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This book covers key areas of Biological Science. The contributions by the authors include Water quality maintenance, growth performance, probiotic Rhodobacter and Rhodo coccus species, Prostate cancer, molecular biomarkers, diagnosis, prognosis, Anchoveta NASC value, anchoveta biomass, stratification method, geostatistical method, total fish abundance, African citrus psyllid, Huanglongbing, psyllid vector, rootstock material, survival, Coastal ecosystem, mangroves conservation, Anethumgraveolens, bioactivity spectrum, phytochemical screening, bioactivity score, cancerogenesis, melanoma hair follicle, H2O2 decomposition, Diplopod, horizontal, kurtosis, Copulation, horizontal, tergite, Centrobolus, conservation, Sphaerotherium, sexual size dimorphism, species richness, brain ischemia-reperfusion, neuroprotection, and oxidative stress. This book contains various materials suitable for students, researchers and academicians in the field of Biological Science.

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<u>Neuroprotective Potential of Fragarianubicola Juice on Ischemia Reperfusion Induced Brain Injury in Rats</u> Purushottam B. Rakhunde, Syed Ayaz Ali, Subur W. Khan *New Visions in Biological Science Vol.* 8, 15 January 2022, Page 150-159 https://doi.org/10.9734/bpi/nvbs/v8/2357F

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Neuroprotective Potential of *Fragarianubicola*Juiceon IschemiaReperfusion InducedBrainInjuryinRats

PurushottamB.Rakhunde^a,SyedAyazAli^{a*} and Subur W. Khan^b

DOI:10.9734/bpi/nvbs/v8/2357F

ABSTRACT

Without an effective treatment, brain stroke is one of the leading causes of death. Because of the presence of phenolic compounds, *Fragarianubicola* has potential antioxidant activity and may becytoprotective against ischemia-reperfusion brain injury. Fragarianubicolais rich in ellagic acid andphenolic compounds. We investigated the effect of fresh fruit juice of Fragarianubicola(10 ml/kg,p.o.) and vitamin E as a reference standard drug on 30 minutes of induced ischemia followed byreperfusion using neurobehavioral tests such as neurodeficit score, beam walk test, rota rod test, hanging wire test, and elevated plus maze. Nitric oxide, malondialdehyde, superoxide dismutase, and catalase were the biochemical parameters measured in the brains of control and treated rats. Thefresh fruit juice of Fragarianubicola treated groups improved neurobehavioral parameters such asmotor performance [neurological status, significant increase in grasping ability (P<0.05), forelimbstrength (P<0.05) improvement in balance and co-ordination (P<0.05)]. The biochemical parameters in rat brains revealed a significant increase in the activity of enzymatic antioxidants such as catalase(P<0.01), superoxide dismutase (P<0.01), significant reduction in the total nitrite (P<0.01) and lipidperoxidation (P<0.01). According the findings. the iuice of F. nubicola fruits to (strawberry) has themostpronouncedcytoprotectiveactivity.

Keywords:Fragarianubicola;brainischemia-reperfusion;neuroprotection;oxidativestress.

1. INTRODUCTION

Stroke is the third leading cause of death in most industrialised countries, trailing only cardiovasculardiseaseandcancer, and its prevalence is expected to rise with the projected increase in the number of the aging population [1]. Reactive oxygen species have been implicated in the pathophysiology of cerebral ischemia. Vascular reperfusion after transient occlusion worsens damage if it occurs after acritical period of occlusion (i.e. ischemia). This so-called reperfusion injury is thought to be caused by free radicals. These oxy-free radicals cause lipid peroxidation and can harm cell macromolecular components [2,3].

However, during ischemia, xanthine dehydrogenase is converted to xanthine oxidase. Unlike xanthinedehydrogenase, which usesnicotinamide adenine dinucleotide asitssubstrate, xanthine oxidaseuses oxygen and therefore, during ischemia, is unable to catalyze the conversion of hypoxanthine toxanthine, resulting a build up of excess tissue levels of hypoxanthine. in When oxygen is reintroducedduringreperfusion, conversion of the excess hypoxanthine by xanthine oxidas eresults in the formation of toxic reactive oxygen species (ROS). Reperfusion of ischemic tissues results in theformation of toxic ROS, including superoxide anions (O⁻), hydroxyl radicals (OH-), hypochlorous acid(HOCl), hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂) and nitric oxide- derived peroxynitrite. Reactive oxygen species are potent oxidizing and reducing agents that cellular membranes directly damage by lipid peroxidation [4]Peroxynitrite[5]andhydroxylradical[6]arereportedtoproduceDNAnicking.ROSarealso

^aDepartmentof Pharmacology, Y.B.Chavan CollegeofPharmacy,Dr.RafiqZakariaCampus,Aurangabad (M.S.),India.

^bDepartmentof Pharmacognosy, Y.B.Chavan Collegeof Pharmacy,Dr.RafiqZakariaCampus,Aurangabad (M.S.), India.

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Dr. GARIMA PANDEY Dr. REETA CHAUHAN Dr. NIRANJAN KUMAR MANDAL Mr. MOHAMMED IMRAN ANEES



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AUTHORS PROFILE



Dr. Garima Pandey, Ph.D in chemistry is an Associate Professor in the Department of Chemistry, at the SRM Institute of Science and Technology, Modinagar, Ghaziabad. She received her doctorate in coordination chemistry in the year 2008. Dr. Garima has a rich teaching experience of more than 15 years with core areas being coordination chemistry, bio-organic chemistry and environmental chemistry. Dr. Pandey has more than 50 publications in various national and international journals of world repute, has attended more than 20 national and international conferences, workshops, symposiums and faculty development programs.



Dr. Reeta Chauhan Working as an Associate Professor in the Department of Applied Science Of Humanities at Raj Kumar Goel Institute Of Technology. She graduated at Kumaun University Nainital Uttrakhand India. She secured Master Of Science in Chemistry at MJP Rohilkhand University Bareilly,India. She has completed Ph.D in the field of Analytical Chemistry at Chaudhary Charan Singh University Meerut, India.She is in teaching profession for more than 13 years. She has presented number of papers in National and International Journals,Conferences and Symposiums. Her main area of interest is Analytical Chemistry.



Dr. Niranjan Kumar Mandal is working as an Assistant Professor in the University Department of Chemistry at S.K.M University, Dumka. He graduated in Chemistry at Santal Pargana College, Dumka, Jharkhand, India. He secured Master of Science in Organic Chemistry at Lalit Narayan Mithila University, Darbhanga, Bihar, India. He secured Ph.D. in the field of Environmental Chemistry at S.K.M University, Dumka. He is in the teaching profession for more than 14 years. He has presented number of papers in National and International Journals, Conference and Symposiums. His main area of interest includes Industrial Pollution.



Mr.Mohammed Imran Anees Working as an Assistant Professor in the Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry at Y.B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra. He graduated in Pharmacy at Y.B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra. India. He has completed two post graduation degree, one in M. Pharm. Pharmaceutical Chemistry from Y.B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India and second in M.Sc Biotechnology, from Deogiri college of Science, Arts and Commerce Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India. He is Pursuing Ph.D. in Pharmaceutical Chemistry from Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University, Aurangabad, Maharashtra. India. He is in teaching profession for more than 10 years. He has to his credit one Australian Innovation grant patent and two Indian Patent are published. He has published and presented number of research papers in National and International Journals, Conference and Symposium with good impact factor. His main area of interest includes in subjects like Biotechnology, Bioprocess Engineering, Microbiology, Nanotechnology, Biochemistry and Analytical chemistry.



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Innovations in Big Data and Machine Learning



MACHINE LEARNING APPROACHES AND APPLICATIONS IN APPLIED INTELLIGENCE FOR HEALTHCARE DATA ANALYTICS

Edited by Abhishek Kumar Ashutosh Kumar Dubey Sreenatha G. Anavatti Pramod Singh Rathore

Machine Learning Approaches and Applications in Applied Intelligence for Healthcare Data Analytics

Edited by

Abhishek Kumar Ashutosh Kumar Dubey Sreenatha G. Anavatti Pramod Singh Rathore



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2 Diagnosis in Medical Imaging Emphasis on Photoacoustic Phenomena

N. Jadhav, Jaiprakash Sangshetti and Rohidas B. Arote

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2.1 INTRODUCTION

Photoacoustic imaging (PAI) (Figure 2.1) is a developing imaging technique researched for various clinical applications, including oncology (Treeby et al., 2010), neurology, dermatology and ophthalmology (Kim et al., 2011). The strength of PAI lies in its ability to bridge the gap between pure optical and acoustic imaging, hence-forth producing optical absorption-based images. Depending on the type of photo-acoustic modality, PAI is able to achieve a resolution of submicrometres and reach a penetration depth that is as deep as several centimetres. The working principle of optical imaging methods is mainly governed by the scattering and absorption of photons, which can be categorised into four regimes. The ballistic regime is the region within the mean free path where the photons have not gone through any significant scattering. One example of an imaging system in this regime is confocal

Textbook of Pharmacology



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Local Anesthetics

Areeg Anwer Ali and Syed Ayaz Ali

PH 1.17: Describe the mechanism/s of action, types, doses, side effects, indications, and contraindications of local anesthetics.

Learning Objectives

Chapter

- Mechanism of action of local anesthetics.
- Pharmacokinetics and duration of action.
- Classification of local anesthetics.
- Local and systemic effects, including adverse effects, of local anesthetics.
- Techniques for local anesthesia.

Local Anesthetics

Local anesthetics (LAs) are drugs that cause reversible sensory-motor block and loss of pain sensation upon topical application or local injection in particular body area. They block nerve impulse generation and interrupt neural conduction at any part of the neuron by binding to a specific receptor site within the pore of the sodium (Na*) channels in nerves, which results in muscular paralysis and loss of autonomic nervous system (ANS) regulation. LAs can also be combined with general anesthesia to decrease the concentration of general anesthetics and to improve postoperative analgesia. Their duration of action and dosedependent adverse effects on the cardiovascular system (CVS) and central nervous system (CNS) restrict their use.

Differences between General and Local Anesthetics

Anesthesia is usually administered via different techniques to keep patients pain-free during surgical and medical procedures or tests. There are few major key differences between general and local anesthesia that depend on many factors such as the type of surgical procedure and health status and preference of patients. Table 32.1 summarizes the major differences between general and local anesthesia.

Mechanism of Action

Nerve signals are transmitted as action potentials. Neurons produce and send these signals to the target tissues. When a stimulus causes the membrane potential to change to the value of the threshold potential (between ~50 and ~55 mV), an action potential is produced. The action potential consists of a rapid depolarization (the upstroke), followed by repolarization back to the resting membrane potential. After generating one action potential, neurons become refractory to stimuli for a period of time during which they are unable to produce another action potential. During the upstrole of an action potential, there is an influx of Na' ions to the or through the channels or ionophores located within neuros membranes as a result of electrochemical potential graders membranes are normally in a resting state, prevented Na' ions from entering. The channel becomes activated or open when the neuron is stimulated, allowing sodium ion or diffuse into the cell and cause depolarization.

The LAs bind to a receptor inside the voltage-sensitive he channel, specifically to the D4-S6 region of the a-suburit neural sodium channels. They have a stronger affinity for he channel receptors in their active and inactivated states the in their resting states. Their binding to the receptor stability the channel in the inactivated state. They interfere was the neural conduction by blocking Na* ions from enterer neuronal membranes via the channels or ionophores, then increasing the duration of refractory period and reducing the probability of channel opening by increasing the channels opening threshold. The Na' channel becomes inactivated after a sudden shift in membrane voltage, preventing finter influx while active transport mechanisms return Nation to the exterior. The effect is concentration dependent an the administered volume of LA solution more easily blocs the required number of Na' channels and disrupts inputs transmission, causing impulses to slow down and the completely stop. Therefore, smaller and faster-firing nemi fibers such as autonomic fibers are more sensitive to U action, followed by sensory fibers, and finally somatic metric fibers. The channel then returns to its natural resting \$22 after this repolarization. LAs can also inhibit potassium (S) channels. Other mechanisms by which LAs function depend on their interaction with G protein-coupled receptors. endothelial nitric oxide, and muscarinic receptors. The following is the order in which a loss of nerve function actual in clinical practice: pain, temperature, touch, proprioceptic. and skeletal muscle tone.

True resistance to LAs, although rare, is hard to identi-Despite adequate technical administration, the failure of LA to achieve anesthesia is frequently thought to be due to technical and medication failure or local infection. However atypical responses to LAs might be caused by muture in sodium channels. If the condition is not recognized may result in toxicity from the administration of excesser amounts of LAs, especially in the case of epidural as spinal anesthesia, which require intrusive procedures of provide LAs.

Anesthetic Potency and Onset of Action

At physiological pH. LAs exist in ionized (water-soluble and lipid-insoluble) and unionized (lipid-soluble
Polysaccharide Nanoparticles

Preparation and Biomedical Applications

Edited by Jayachandran Venkatesan Se-Kwon Kim Sukumaran Anil Rekha P.D.



Micro & Nano Technologies Series

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Multifunctional cyclodextrin nanoparticles: A promising theranostic tool for strategic targeting of cancer

Dipak D. Gadade^a, Pavan B. Rathi^b, Jaiprakash N. Sangshetti^c and Deepak A. Kulkarni^d

^aDepartment of Pharmacy, Integrated Institute of Technology, Delhi Skill and Entrepreneurship University, Government of NCT of Delhi, New Delhi, India

^bDepartment of Pharmaceutics, Shri Bhagwan College of Pharmacy, N-6, Cidco, Aurangabad, India

^cY. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, India

^dDepartment of Pharmaceutics, Srinath College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, India

18.1 Introduction

A tiny tumor is featured in top 10 deadly diseases list and cancer mortality rate is continuously rising despite of advancement in its treatment. A magnificent history of the study of cancer began worldwide in this century and it is considered as the second most leading cause of death having an impact on the health of human life (Nagai and Kim, 2017). Moreover, statistical reports were also shown the ongoing leading cause of death is cancer. One of the most dreaded diseases in the world is cancer (Thun et al., 2010). Every year, over 11 lakh people are pretentious by cancer in India and 10 million worldwide (Roy and Saikia, 2016). It is projected that there will be 13.1 million deaths in year 2030 (approximately a 70% increase; Bray et al., 2018).

Cancer is a common name for a cluster of more than hundred diseases involving the abnormal and unregulated proliferation of cells with the potential to invade or spread to other organs of the body. These atypical strange cells are referred as cancerous cells, malignant, or tumor cells. These atypical malignant cells can create their own blood supply (angiogenesis), spreading away from the source organ, making transit through the blood vessels and lymphatic system, and seeding into other organs of the body where they can again repeat the uncontrolled growth cycle. Thus, this cancerous phase when malignant cells leaving one particular area and grow up in another part of



Puníca granatum Cultivation, Properties and Health Benefits

Rupesh K. Gautam • Smriti Parashar Editors



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HEALTH BENEFITS OF PUNICA GRANATUM AGAINST DIABETES AND ASSOCIATED COMPLICATIONS

Dureshahwar Khan¹, Aman B. Upaganlawar^{2,*}, Hemant D. Une¹ and Mubashir Mohammed¹

¹Department of Pharmacology, Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Dr. Rafiq Zakaria Campus, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India
²Department of Pharmacology, SNJB's SSDJ College of Pharmacy, Neminagar, Chandwad, Maharashtra, India

ABSTRACT

More than 415 million individuals globally have diabetes mellitus in 2015, as per the International Diabetic Federation (IDF), and it is projected to grow to 642 million in 2040 except as urgent preventive steps are undertaken. Unless one of the life-threatening complications develops, diabetes mellitus may go undiagnosed. Chronic hyperglycemia leads to the development of secondary complications such as nephropathy, neuropathy, retinopathy, etc. which leads to alteration in a person's life. *Punica granatum*, popularly called as pomegranate, grenade, granats, and punica apple, is part of the Punicaceae family. In several nations, *Punica granatum* has been commonly used as a traditional medicine to treat dysentery, diarrhea, helminthiasis, acidosis, hemorrhage, and respiratory pathologies. Extracts of all parts of the fruit appear to have therapeutic properties. Recent research tends to suggest that ellagic acid ellagitannins (including punicalagins), punicic acid, flavonoids, anthocyanidins, anthocyanins, and estrogenic flavonols and flavones are the key constituents of the *Punica granatum* tree and fruit are the most therapeutically beneficial pomegranate constituents. The beneficial health effects of *Punica granatum* is studies in a various model of diabetic and its complication. In this chapter, the authors tried to

^{*} Corresponding Author's Email: amanrxy@gmail.com.

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A TEXTBOOK OF ADVANCED INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUES

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A Textbook of Advanced Instrumentation Techniques

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Dr. (Mrs.) Sonali P. Mahaparale M. Pharm. Ph.D. Head of Dept. Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Dr. D. Y. Patil College of Pharmacy, Akurdi, Pune, Maharashtra.

3.

Dr. Jaiprakash N. Sangshetti M. Pharm. Ph.D. Pharmaceutical Chemistry Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra.

٠

Dr. Paresh R. Mahaparale M. Pharm. Ph.D. Government College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra. Dr. Santosh S. Chhajed M. Pharm. Ph.D. Pharmaceutical Chemistry Mumbai Education Trust's Institute of Pharmacy, Adgaon, Nashik, Maharashtra.



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P. Mahaparalac

Gostrament College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad. MH, India

1. Destroyab

Department of Chemistry, Deogiri College, Aurangahad, India

R. Arche

Operations of Molecular Genetics, School of Dentistry, Seoul National University, Sensi, Republic of Korea

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Textbook of Medicinal Chemistry-I FIRST EDITION

Dr. Santosh S. Chhajed M.Pharm., Ph.D Associate Professor, MET's Institute of Pharmacy, Nashik, Maharashtra, India.

Dr. Jaiprakash N. Sangshetti M.Pharm, Ph.D Associate Professor, Y.B.Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India.

Dr. Sailesh J. Wadher M.Pharm., Ph.D Professor, School of Pharmacy, Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University, Vishnupuri, Nanded, Maharashtra, India.

Dr. Dinesh D. Rishipathak M.Pharm., Ph.D Associate Professor, MET's Institute of Pharmacy, Nashik, Maharashtra, India.

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Spilanthes paniculata Flower Extracts Attenuates Paracetamol Induced Liver Damage by Antioxidant Mechanism

SyedAyazAli^{1*},ShuklaMahanand¹andSuburW.Khan²

DOI:10.9734/bpi/tprd/v1

ABSTRACT

Thepresentstudy was undertakentoinvestigate the antioxidantandhepatoprotectiveeffectof *Spilanthespaniculata*Wall. ex DC flower extracts against paracetamolinduced liver damage. Thestudy was conducted in 36 male Wistar rats of either sex, and six groups were established. While thefirst group was maintained as normal control (NC, distilled water), Groups 2 to 6 were administered

3g/kgParacetamol(PAR)for2day,100mg/kgSilymarin(SMR),500mg/kgMethanolicextract(MESP), Petroleum ether extract (PEESP), Ethyl acetate extract of S. paniculata(EAESP) suspended in 0.5% tween 80 plus PAR, respectively. PAR was administered in the same schedule as in group 2,the treatment with silymarin and extracts was given for 10 days orally, respectively. It was observed that PAR significantly increased serum transaminase (ALT), Aspartate Alanine transaminase (AST),Alkalinephosphatase(ALP)activityliverMDAlevels(P<0.01)andsignificantlydecreasedliverGlutathione (GSH), catalase (CAT), superoxide dismutase (SOD) activity (P<0.01), when compared with the normal control group (NC). On the other hand, statistically significant (P<0.01) changes wereobserved in the biochemical parameters of the group which was administered SMR, PEESP and EAESP. Compared with the pathological changes observed in the liver in the form of congested sinusoids and centrilobular necrosis, in the group which was administered paracetamol alone (PAR), lesions were determined to be less severe particularly in the group (PEESP and EAESP). $The study shows that administration of {\sf PEESP} and {\sf EAESP} offered a the rape utic potential for the treatment$ of

hepatotoxicity induced by paracetamol via regulation of endogenous antioxidant systeminliver.

Keywords:Spilanthespaniculata;paracetamol;biochemicalparameters;oxidativestress;rats.

1. INTRODUCTION

Liver diseases have become one of the major causes of morbidity and mortality all over world. Amongthem, drug induced liver injury (DILI) is one of the most common causative factor that poses a majorclinical and regulatory challenge [1]. The manifestations of drug-induced hepatotoxicity are highlyvariable, ranging from asymptomaticelevation of liver enzymestoful minanthepatic failure. Paracetamol (PAR) alsoknownas Acetaminophen, taken in overdose cancauses evere hepatotoxicity and nephrotoxicity [2]. PAR is activat edand converted by cytochrome P450 enzymestot oxic metabolite N-acetyl-p-

benzoquinoneimine(NAPQI)thatcausesoxidativestressandglutathione (GSH) depletion [2,3]. In spite of tremendous advances in modem medicine, there arehardly any reliable drugs that protect the liver from damage and/or help in regeneration of hepatic cell.Many active plant extracts are frequently utilized to treat a wide variety of clinical diseases includingliver disease [4]. Therefore, searching for effective and safe drugs for liver disorders is still consideredasan areaofinterest.

¹DepartmentofPharmacology, Y.B. ChavanCollegeofPharmacy, Dr. RafiqZakariaCampus, RauzaBagh, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India.

²DepartmentofPharmacognosy, Y.B.ChavanCollegeofPharmacy, Dr.RafiqZakariaCampus, RauzaBagh, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India.



NATURAL PRODUCTS IN CLINICAL TRIALS

VOLUME 1

Editors: Atta-ur-Rahman, FRS Shazia Anjum Hesham El-Seedi



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Antibacterial and Antifungal Drugs from Natural Source: A Review of Clinical Development

Shital S. Chavan¹, Manoj G. Damale², Devanand B. Shinde³ and Jaiprakash N. Sangshetti^{4,*}

¹ Government College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad (MS), India

² Shreeyash Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research, Aurangabad (MS), India

¹ Shivaji University, Vidyanagar Kolhapur (MS), India

4 Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Dr. Rafiq zakaria campus, Aurangabad (MS), India

Abstract: Plants have been an integral part of the ancient culture of India, China and Egypt as a medicine, and their importance even dates back to the Neanderthal period. Historically, a majority of new drug is generated from compounds derived from natural

Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology 1078

Heung Jae Chun · Chan Hum Park Il Keun Kwon · Gilson Khang Editors

Cutting-Edge Enabling Technologies for Regenerative Medicine



Salar Section Sect

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Novel Biomaterials	Regenerative Medicine	Biomedical Engineering	
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Abstract

Various commercial vaccines are used for immunization against hepatitis B. However, these immunotherapeutic vaccines require invasive administration, which can induce side effects, and require multiple shots to elicit an immune response, limiting their efficacy. Compared to traditional hepatitis B vaccines, polymer nanoparticles have more advantageous inherent properties as vaccine delivery carriers, providing increased stability of encapsulated antigen, the possibility of single-shot immunotherapy, and the capability of mucosal administration, which allows various routes of vaccination. In this review, we present up-to-date information on the potential of a biodegradable nanoparticle-based delivery system in treating hepatitis B. We also discuss the application of nanoparticles in various vaccines and highlighted strategies for eliciting an appropriate immune response.

Keywords

Nanoparticles Vaccine delivery Hepatitis B vaccine Immunotherapy



3.3.2 Cover Page of Conference Proceeding Book and the first page of Publication in Conference Proceedings

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PHYTOCHEMICAL INVESTIGATION AND INVITRO ANTIMICROBIAL STUDY OF EUPHORBIA HIRTA.

Mohammed Imran Anees¹*, Mirza Shahed Baig², Subur w. khan³

1*,2: Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 3: Department of Pharmacognosy
Y.B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, RauzaBagh Aurangabad, Maharashtra
Corresponding Author: imran.anees2020@gmail.com

Abstract

The objective of our research work is to Explore the antimicrobial spectrum of ethanolic extract of Euphorbia hirta belonging to Euphorbiaceae family against gram positive and gram-negative pathogenic strains of bacteria by Cup plate diffusion antimicrobial activity. In this research work Euphorbia hirtaplants were collected and then dried, verified and extraction method was done by cold maceration method and phytochemical test analysis of ethanolic extract was carried out and finally antimicrobial activity was done by cup-plate diffusion method. Phytochemical analysis of ethanolic extract shows positive effects in secondary metabolite identification tests like alkaloid, flavonoid, steroids etc. The present study was aimed at evaluating the antimicrobial spectrum of ethanolic extract of Euphorbia hirta against different pathogenic strains of bacteria by Cup plate diffusion antimicrobial method. The growth pattern of bacteria was studied by UV visible spectrophotometer which was used in the antimicrobial study. Ethanolic extract obtain of Euphorbia hirta shows antimicrobial activity against Bacillus subtilis, Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli and pseudomonas aeruginosa, which was compared with standard chloramphenicol. The results of the present study indicate that the antimicrobial activity of Euphorbia hirtaethanolic extract serve as a potential source against gram positive and gram-negative microorganisms by observing the zone of inhibition in Petri plate which were compared with zone of inhibition of standard antibiotic chloramphenicol.

Keywords: Euphorbia hirta plant, Phytochemical test, cold maceration method, UV Spectrophotometer, Cup plate diffusion antimicrobial activity.





Advanced co-crystallization of Dolutegravir by microwave, ultrasound and supercritical fluid technology for Solubility enhancement.

Dr. Swaroop Lahoti

Professor and Head, Department of Pharmaceutics, Y.B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad (MS) India.

Abstract:

Crystal engineering approach is recognized by pharmaceutical scientists as a way of improving and tailoring the physicochemical properties of active pharmaceutical ingredients (API). Co-crystallization provides advanced prospective for changing the API properties by using a much more extensive range of co-crystallizing molecules (co-formers). Co-crystals are crystalline form of substance composed of two or more compounds in the same crystal lattice Dolutegravir is a HIV integrase inhibitor, used in combination with other antiretroviral agents and is BCS-II drug. The major objective of research was to improve of solubility profile of Dolutegravir sodium by co-crystallization with suitable co-formers using microwave, ultrasound and supercritical fluid technology. Benzoic acid, Urea, Oxalic acid, Citric acid, L-asparagine were selected as co-formers on the basis Hansen solubility parameter and pKa difference method

The Co-crystals were evaluated and confirm by FTIR, DSC, SEM, XRD and Polarized light microscopy. Equilibrium aqueous solubility studies were performed for all co-crystals taking Dolutegravir as the control. Amongst various co-formers L-asparagine resulted in co-crystals with highest enhancement (22 folds) in solubility. The results reveals that Microwave assisted technique is more promising than, ultrasound and supercritical fluid technology.

Biography:

Dr Swaroop Lahoti, has completed his PhD in Pharmacy from Dr. BAM University, Aurangabad (MS) India. Presently he is working as Professor and Head, Department of Pharmaceutics, at Y.B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad (MS) India, one of the most reputed Pharmacy educational institutions in India. He has published 47 papers in reputed journals and delivered More than 25 expert talks in National seminars, AICTE sponsored seminars and FDP. He has guided More than 50 stu-



dents for Masters in Pharmacy and 8 students for PhD. He has three patent applications in Process.

Publication of speakers:

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FORMULATION AND EVALUATION OF ACOTIAMIDE HCL EFFERVESCENT TABLET USING NOVEL CO-PROCESSED EXCIPIENT Swaroop Lahoti, Bin Hawail Manal Saleh

Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Rouza Bagh, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India431003. manalsaleh786@gmail.com

Recently effervescent formulations are attracting the pharmaceutical industries because of its various advantages over conventional products. Major components of effervescent formulations are acidic and alkalizing components. Sodium bicarbonate is a widely used alkalizing agent in effervescent formulations. The main drawback of sodium bicarbonate is its high hygroscopicity and poor compressibility, which creates major formulation challenges and requires specialized production facilities like maintenance of RH, temperature and closed system which makes the product costlier. In the present work, effervescent tablets of Acotiamide HCI were prepared using novel co-processed excipient consisting of sodium bicarbonate andmannitol. Acotiamide HCI is recently introduced for upper abdominal bloating with functional dyspepsia. The co-processed excipient was developed using Probe type ultrasonication technique. It was evaluated for pre-compression parameters like angle of repose, bulk density, tapped density, Carr's index and Hausner's ratio found to be improved in comparison with its physical mixture. The kawakita analysis and powder flow testing (flow function and wall friction) showed superior compression and flow properties of developed coprocessed excipient for tableting. The FTIR which indicates the absence of any chemical change during co-processing and SEM studies reveals changes in surface and particle characteristics. The water uptake studies confirm low hygroscopicity. The pertinency of developed excipient was studied by formulating effervescent tablet of Acotiamide HCI by direct compression using the above co-processed excipient and evaluated for pre-compression and post-compression parameter. Amount of CO2 released by tablet was measured by "Chittick Apparatus" fabricated in our laboratory. The in-vitro dissolution studies were carried out in 0.1 N HCl using modified method to simulate conditions which showed 100% dissolution in 5 min. The developed co-processed excipient exhibited promising results with potential for scale up and wide applicability in effervescent formulation.

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SOLUBILITY ENHANCEMENT OF DOLUTEGRAVIR SODIUM BY MICROWAVE ASSISTED CO-CRYSTALIZATION Swaroop Lahoti, Rutuja Natkar, Neha Varma Y.B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Rouza Bagh, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India-431003. rutujan23998@gmail.com

Dolutegravir (DTG) is a HIV integrase inhibitor and belongs to BCS class II having poor oral bioavailability due to its poor water solubility. The major objective of research was to improve solubility profile of Dolutegravir sodium by co-crystallization with suitable co-formers using microwave technology. Benzoic acid, Urea, Oxalic acid, Citric acid, L-asparagine were selected as co-formers on the basis of Hansen solubility parameter and pKa difference method, as all exhibiting OpKa values within 0-3 and HSPs value < 7MPa 0.5. Various molar ratios of DTG and Co-formers were subjected to microwave irradiation in 30 ml capacity glass tube. The target temperature was set at 800C withhold time of 60 s. All the developed co-crystals were evaluated by FT-IR Spectrometry, Polarized light microscopy, Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) and X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) studies. Saturation solubility studies indicated that all the co-crystals have higher solubility as compared to the pure drug. Highest enhancement of solubility (22 folds) resulted with L-asparagine co-crystals. The current study proved that cocrystallization can be a better way to enhance the solubility of the poorly water-soluble drug.

FORMULATION AND EVALUATION OF MICELLAR GEL LOADED WITH AZITHROMYCIN

Samra Khan, Maria Saifee, Reshma Toshniwal Y. B. Chavan college of pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra.

Polymeric micelles are a promising tool for research in the field of drug delivery and drug targeting. Polymeric micelles are self-assembled nano-sized colloid particles made up of amphiphilic block copolymers. Due to their excellent biocompatibility, low toxicity, enhanced blood circulation time, and ability to solubilize large quantities of drugs in their micellar core the polymeric micelles have been widely used. Polymeric micelles in topical drug delivery to treat conditions like acne, eczema rashes sunburns, etc are gaining a highlight. Acne vulgaris is an inflammatory disorder triggered by Cutibacterium acnes. Asians and Africans tend to develop severe acne and mild acne is common in the white population. This work aimed to optimize polymeric nano-sized micellar carriers of the anti-acne compound azithromycin to treat skin conditions i.e acne vulgaris. Azithromycin-loaded polymeric micelles composed of poloxamer www.ipcnagpur.com

FORMULATION AND EVALUATION OF COLON TARGETED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM USING POLYSACCHARIDE FROM AEGLE MARMELOS Mohammed talka akef

A-299

Y. B. Chavan college of pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtara

This study aims to develop a Colon-targeted drug delivery system of Mesalamine using Aegle Marmelos polysaccharide to improve the bioavailability by targeting the drug to the colon for the treatment of ulcerative colitis. Materials and Methods: Matrix tablets were prepared by wet granulation technique by applying 32 full factorial designs for optimization. The independent variables used were the amount of Aegle Marmelose, and amount of starch paste, each at three different levels and dependent variables was hardness, percent cumulative drug release (%CDR) study, and time required for 90% of drug release (T90%). The prepared matrix tablets were coated with Eudragit S-100. Result and Discussion: The tablets were characterized for physical parameters, In-vitro drug release (with and without 2% rat caecal contents) and stability on storage. The optimized formulation consisting of Aegle Marmelose (20% w/w) and starch paste (15% w/w) released a negligible amount of drug at pH 1.2 and pH 7.4 whereas the maximum amount of drug release was observed at pH 6.8 in the presence of 2% rat caecal contents. Conclusion: The enteric coated Aegle Marmelose based matrix tablets of Mesalamine is a potential system to target the drug release in the colon for better treatment of ulcerative colitis.

OPTIMIZATION AND EVALUATION OF COLON-SPECIFIC MATRIX TABLET OF PIROXICAM FOR INFLAMATORY BOWEL DISEASE. Mohammed Abduljalil and Abubakar Salam Bawazir

Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Dr. Rafiq Zakaria Campus, Aurangabad, Maharashtra

Present study is intended to formulate and evaluate the piroxicam (PXM) colon-specific entericcoated matrix tablets using time-dependent polymers hydroxypropyl methylcellulose K4M and PH-sensitive Eudragit S100 that delays the release of drug (PXM) in the upper gastrointestinal system and also helps in the continous release of PXM in colonarea in inflammatory bowel disease (IBD). Enteric-coated tablets containing a combination of the above polymers can prevent PXM from entering the upper gastrointestinal system (i.e. stomach and small intestine). A promising system for delivering PXM to the colon was found in the in-vitro drug release studies with formulation F10. The zero-order model was best fitted for the release pattern of the above formulations. The mechanism involved in drug release was a non-fickian (super case-II) transport system. There was no interaction found in the FTIR spectral studies between the PXM and the excipients, concluding the development of HPMC K4M-Eudrgit S100 enteric-coated tablet as a viable strategy for treating inflammatory bowel disease by targeting the PXM in colon.

FORMULATION AND EVALUATION OF PH RESPONSIVE CROSSLINK HYDROGEL FILM USING BIODEGRADABLE BIO-POLYMERS FOR CONTROLLED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM

Maria Saifee, Pooja Kishore Kakde, Pratiksha Pramod Gosavi Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Dr. Rafiq Zakaria Campus, Rouza Bagh, Aurangabad

Primary need to build up the medication conveyance framework is to protect an active therapeutic molecule from premature degradation, improve its efficacy and reduce unwanted effects. Controlled discharge framework can meet these criteria. The objective behind this study was to fabricate silane cross linked pH responsive crosslink hydrogel film using biodegradable biopolymers chitosan, guar gum and PEG (CGP) for controlled drug release using ciprofloxacin HCI as model drug. Novel characteristics of these biopolymers have essential abilities for chemical modification and can be crosslinked by Tetraethoxysilane (TEOS). Five different formulation batches of hydrogel film were developed by solvent casting method using guar gum, chitosan, PEG with the different concentration of TEOS and was evaluated for DSC, FTIR, swelling analysis, drug release and antimicrobial analysis. DSC showed both drug and biopolymers were compatible with each other. FTIR confirms structural components of hydrogel with different concentration of TEOS. Swelling analysis reflects maximum swelling of hydrogels in acidic pH while minimum swelling in neutral or basic pH. This pH-dependent swelling response of hydrogels can be exploited for drug release studies with no cross linker showed 77% drug release in 150 minutes while control release behaviour was observed in CGP 20, CGP 40 which was nearly in accordance with USP. Anti-microbial activity shows greater zone of inhibition which confirms the stability for the bacterial growth inhibition by hydrogel. Greater zone of inhibition was observed in positive control mode with crosslinker. This novel biopolymers can be employed for controlled release of Ciprofloxacin Hcl.

B-28 DOCKING ANALYSIS, SYNTHESIS, AND EVALUATION OF VARIOUS BASIC SIDE

DOCKING ANALYSIS, SYNTHESIS, AND EVALUATION OF VARIOUS BASIC SIDE CHAINS WITH SOME HETEROCYCLES AS NOVEL ANTI-BREAST CANCER AGENTS. Poonam Bagul, Pratap Dabade, Santosh N. Mokale Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad

Still, breast cancer is the second leading cause of cancer deaths in women worldwide after lung cancer. Estrogens are well known to play a significant role in the emergence of breast cancer. ER- α is well characterized as a mediator of cell proliferation in breast cancer cells. The development of safe, powerful, tissue-specific anti-breast cancer medicines with novel modes

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of action is required due to the emergence of treatment resistance, undesirable side effects, relapses, and recurrences of cancer. We have chosen to use the hybridization process to create anti-breast cancer drugs in the current effort. Following a thorough review of the literature, some core heterocycles were chosen and coupled with the fundamental polar side chains found in the commercially available SERMs. The designed molecules passed through Swiss ADMET screening were docked with (PDB: 1ERR) by using Maestro 11.6. The result shows that some molecules have more G score then the standard structures. That positive interaction with the

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given protein may help to predict efficacy and selectivity towards ER- α . All the synthesized molecules were evaluated through MTT assay for antiproliferative activity in MDA-MB-231 and MCF-7 breast cancer cell lines.

SYNTHESIS AND EVALUATION OF NOVEL DISUBSTITUTED BENZOTHIAZOL DERIVATIVE FOR ANTI INFLAMMATORY ACTIVITY R. I. Gajare and K G Baheti Y B Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad (MS) 431001 rgajare3@gmail.com

The basic benzothiazole nucleus poses various biological activities and still create interest in the scientific community. In the present study the novel compounds containing benzothiazole with COX inhibitory activity where designed and basic core consists of benzothiazole fuse with pyrimidine nucleus. The target compounds, 2,3-disubstituted-4H-pyrimido[2,1b]benzothiazole-4-one were synthesized by reacting at reflux condition with 4H-pyrimido[2,1b]benzothiazole-8-sulfonamide-2-thiomethyl-3-cyano-4-ones with various amine and phenol in DMF. The product obtained were characterized by IR, NMR and Mass spectroscopy. The compound were evaluated for anti-inflammatory activity using mice and found that few compound exhibit excellent activity when compared with Diclofenac sodium.

1. Basic core consists of Benzothiazole fuse with Pyrimidine nucleus.

2. The synthesized compounds were characterized by IR, NMR and Mass spectroscopy 3. The compound were evaluated for anti-inflammatory activity using mice

4. Few compound exhibit excellent activity when compared with diclofenac sodium.

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RATIONAL DESIGN CONTINUES

DESIGN, SYNTHESIS, & MOLECULAR DOCKING OF NOVELPYRAZINE CONTAINING TETRA SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE DERIVATIVES TARGETING INSULIN RECEPTOR Rashmi S Chouthe, Hemant D Une

Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India - 431001.

Diabetes is one of the most common disorders that substantially contribute to an increase in global health burden. As a metabolic disorder, diabetes is associated with various medical conditions and diseases such as obesity, hypertension, cardiovascular diseases, and atherosclerosis. The present work report an efficient, one pot multi-component series of new pyrazine derivatives, the scheme were designed and synthesized. All the synthesized compounds were confirmed through TLC, melting point and by spectral analysis. Synthesized compounds were tested for insulin receptor in silico docking studies, the molecular docking study gives an insight of anti-diabetic potential of synthesized compounds and it has been seen that most of the synthesized derivatives have shown excellent anti-diabetic potential. The Auto Dock Tools 1.5.4 (ADT) was used to prepare the input files for docking. In silico Molecular docking of synthesized compounds 5f, 5b, 5c and 5e implies that they could act as potential templates to get more efficient anti-diabetic agents. Result of the study indicated that the pyrazine containing tetra substituted imidazole hybrids had an anti-hyperglycemic activity. Further detailed work could be required to determine the precise mode of action of the antidiabetic behavior of hybrids.

serious side effects on the patient's during the treatment. Similarly, the antimicrobial agents pose the problem of drug resistance results in the ineffective of therapy. Hence the Nanoparticles incorporating copper on silica support were synthesized by in-situ polymerization method& evaluated for activities viz. cell line and antimicrobial activities. As copper is essential metal required for human body which possesses antibacterial and cytotoxic activities. The Copper Nano(Cu-SiO,)particle size found to be between 20 to 50nm. These particles were characterized and confirmed. Uniqueness/distinctive of the solution include Particle size of nanoparticles was 20 to 50nm, Cu-SiO, nano-particles exhibit in vitro activities against breast cancer cell lines (MDA-MB-468) and produced GI50 value 35.1 ug/ml, MIC of 30µg/ml was observed for antibacterial activity., Copper nanoparticles were nontoxic at the dose 2000 mg/kg in acute toxicity study in rats, Blood biochemical assay study was found satisfactory, Synthetic application of Cu-SiO, nano-particles include preparation of Efficient catalyst for chemical reactions and synthesis of Biphenyl, N-benzylbenzamine, Diphenylether

PHARMACOGNOSTIC, PHYSICOCHEMICAL AND PHYTOCHEMICAL STANDARDIZATION OF MANGIFERA INDICA L LEAVES. Geeta P. Darekar, Rana Zainuddin Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Rauza bagh, Aurangabad- 431001, Maharashtra, India, geetadarekar5@gmail.com

Mangifera Indica Linn, (family Anacardiaceae) is one of the most widely used species in Ayurveda. The objective of present work was to investigate Pharmacognostic, physiochemical and phytochemical properties of leaves of Mangifera Indica. The microscopic character shows presence of cuticle, upper epidermis, lower epidermis, mesophyll, palisade parenchyma, spongy parenchyma, vascular bundle. The Physicochemical analyses reveals values for moisture content (9.5 %), foreign organic matter (0.218%) ,total ash (14.67 %), acid insoluble ash (4.22%), water soluble ash (2.15%) ethanol soluble ash (8.3%), alcohol soluble extractive (12.5 %), water soluble extractive (18.4%) and fluorescence analysis useful for standardization of plant. Phytochemical analysis shows the presence of active phytoconstituents phenolic acids, xanthones, benzophenones, tannins, terpenoids, and flavonoids. Information obtained from these studies can be used as markers in the identification and standardization of this plant as herbal remedy and also towards monograph development on the plant



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NANOSIZED TRIPHALA PHYTOSOME-BASED GEL: A NOVEL HERBAL DOSAGE FORM

Chaoudhary Nawaz, Durrani Saima Khan and Khan Dureshahwar

Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad (MS), India. choudharynawaz75@gmail.com

Traditional herbal medicines are growing as a choice of treatment but there exist a limitation of bioavailability when applied in any dosage form. This can be overcome by novel delivery system known as Phytosomes. This provides a balance between hydrophilicity and hydrophobicity of extracts forming complex with phospholipids. This connects the novel and conventional delivery system. In the present study, Triphalaphytosomes were prepared and characterized for increasing their efficiency. Concept of green chemistry was applied in preparation of Phytosomes using micro-synthesis assembly in which solvent used was collected and its wastage and mixing in environment was prevented. Providing ecofriendly green phytosomes of Triphala extract. Phytosomal Gel as a novel dosage form for the same was prepared and evaluated. Its activity against few common microorganisms and in vitro anti-inflammatory activity was studied.

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EFFECT OF DROXIDOPA IN COMBINATION WITH ALPRAZOLAM OR SAPONINS OBTAINED FROM N-BUTANOLIC FRACTION OF MORINGA OLIFERA LAM LEAVES IN STRESS INDUCE ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION Mohd Anas Furkan, Hemant D. Une, Atul Rajesh Mahajan, Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India-431001.

anasfurkan690@gmail.com

Stress is one of the major contributing factor in the development of neuropsychiatric disorders such as anxiety, depression in both human and animal. As current drug treatment has many side effect and complications, combination of synthetic and Herbal drug is attempt to overcome this problem. The Present study was designed to evaluate the effect of Droxidopa (DROXI) in combination with Alprazolam (APLZ) or saponins rich n-butanolic fraction of Moringa olifera Lam leaves (BFMO) in Stress induced Anxiety and Depression in mice. The treatment is assigned into seven groups. Two control groups, one is normal control and another is stressed control. The control groups were received normal saline (0.1 ml; ip). The treatment group were treated either with APLZ (0.125, 0.25 or 0.5 mg/kg; i.p) or DROXI(25 mg/kg; i.p) or BFMO(25, 50 mg/kg; p.o.) or combination of APLZ (0.125, 0.25 mg/kg) + DROXI (25 mg/kg) or BFMO (25 mg/kg) + DROXI (25 mg/kg). The stress was given to each animal separately for 21 days using deferent techniques. Anxiety and Depression was evaluated using elevated plus-maze, light and dark box, forced swim and tail suspension tests. At the end of the study brain tissue and blood samples were collected for analysis of norepinephrine (NE) and cortisol level respectively. The result of the present study shows that combination of DROXI with APLZ or BFMO has significant reduction in Cortisol level in blood samples as well as NE level in stress induces mice. Hence it is concluded that combination of DROXI with APLZ or saponin obtained from BFMO Lam leaves possesses anxiolytic and antidepressant activity which might be due to the suppression of Hypothalamus-Pituitary-Adrenal axis (HPA-axis).

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TO STUDY THE ROLE OF RELAXIN 3 IN NEURODEGENERATIVE DISEASE AND ITS RELATION IN PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTURBANCES USING EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS Minal Chaudhari and Hemant D. Une

Y.B Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad-431003, India.

Relaxin-3 has been proposed to modulate emotional-behavioural functions such as arousal and behavioural activation, appetite regulation, stress responses, anxiety, memory, sleep and circadian rhythm. The nucleus incertus (NI), in the midline tegmentum close to the fourth ventricle, projects widely throughout the brain and is the primary site of relaxin-3 neurons. Over recent years, a number of preclinical studies have explored the function of the NI and relaxin-3 signalling, including reports of mRNA or peptide expression changes in the NI in response to behavioural or pharmacological manipulations, effects of lesions or electrical or pharmacological manipulations of the NI, effects of central microinfusions of relaxin-3 or related agonist or antagonist on experimental animals. The research proposed is based on preclinical studies to investigate the effects of relaxin-3/RXFP3 signaling in neurodegenerative disease and psychiatric illness. This Proposed research aims to draw attention to provide insights into the therapeutic potential of the relaxin-3/RXFP3system in neurodegenerative disease and in its associated psychological symptoms using experimental models in experimental animals. These maps provide foundation for pharmacological and physiological studies to elucidate the neurobiological nature of relaxin-3/RXFP3 signalling in vivo.

pharmacotherapy.

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IN SILICO DRUG REPURPOSING OF CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS AGAINST DIABETES: MOLECULAR DOCKING AND CELL LINE STUDIES Mohammed Taufeeque Shaikh, Naiknaware Raman B. and Khan Dureshahwar Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad (MS), India. sk.mtaufeeque@gmail.com

Pancreatic -cell loss and destruction are crucial in the development and progression of diabetes, with a higher likelihood of creating micro and macro vascular complications. The current

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therapy has a major issue of side effects of the drugs and long term management of the disease, as it's a chronic disorder. One well strategy is drug repurposing, which entails discovering new therapeutic benefits for existing drugs. In accordance with this paradigm, we present a study that looked into the promising inhibitory potential of calcium channel blockers from the dihydropyridine subclass against diabetes, specifically targeting Calmodulin and TRPV1 receptors. To examine the binding affinity of the functional groups within the active sites of Calmodulin and TRPV1, molecular docking computations were carried out on dihydropyridines. The most promising binding candidate was chosen for cell line studies. Nifedipine has shown comparatively better affinity on both the targets, hence used for further studies. MTT Assay, Glucose uptake assay and lipid estimation assay were performed on RIN-5F cell lines. The studies have shown that Nifedipine have a good capacity to keep cell viable, have a significant expression of 2-NBDG and significant lipid accumulation/release into surroundings similar to Metformin. In line with the findings reported herein, we recommend that further in-vivo investigations are to be carried out to shed light on the possible mechanism of pharmacological action of the proposed drug.

FORMULATION OF METFORMIN HCI TABLETS WITH MULTIPURPOSE EXCIPIENT TRIGONELLA FOENUM-GRAECUM POSSESSING SYNERGISTIC ANTI-DIABETIC EFFECT. Shaikh Mariya, Furquan Khan And Qazi Adil Jameel. Y.B. chavan college of pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India -431001.

Diabetes mellitus is estimated to affected more than 537 million people worldwide. Metformin is the drug of choice to treat type II diabetes. But Metformin is also having side effects that cannot be overlooked, such as Diarrhea, Stomach ache, Loss of appetite, metallic taste in the mouth and can cause vitamin B12 deficiency as well. There is a need of the hour to overcome or minimize these side effects, and one of the solutions is to lower the Metformin dose. Trigonella foenum-graecum is having appreciable blood glucose lowering effects with no side effects but possesses. Hence Metformin HCL and Trigonella foenum-graecum combination tablets were prepared. Trigonella foenum-graecum offered dual property of blood glucose lowering effect and improved formulation process parameters of Metformin HCL. The prepared formulation was optimized by QbD i.e. 32 factorial design. The optimized formulation having Metformin and Trigonella foenum-graecum in 1:1 ratio gave 99.60% dissolution within 45 minutes, Angle of repose 30, Hausner's ratio of 1.10 and Carr's Index of 9.25 and exhibited blood glucose profile of 329, 276, 193, 121, 87.62 mg/dl on days 0, 7, 14, 21, 28 respectively in STZ induced diabetic rats. The blood glucose profile of the Metformin HCL plain tablets and Metformin HCL Trigonella foenum-graecum combination tablets is approximately similar.

F-123

QUALITY BY DESIGN (QBD) APPROACH IN HPLC METHOD DEVELOPMENT FOR PIDOTIMOD

Bushra Ghalib hundekari, J.N. Sangshetti, Pooja sunil kakade Y.B Chavan college of pharmacy, Aurangabad Maharashtra, India-431001. bushrahundekari@gmail.com

A HPLC method for Pidotimod is developed using quality by design approach. QbD is the systemic approach for the developing high- quality pharmaceutical products for patients benefit and to meet regulatory needs. It also provides consistent quality and in qbD there is reduction of wastages. foremost target profile is determined and then qualification of instrument is done prior to initiation of actual study. Chromatographic separation was achieved on a grace -18 column (4.6 × 150mm;5 um). The mobile phase use ACN and potassium phosphate of Ph 7.2 in a ratio of 30:70 and 70:30 respectively. The sample is scan using UV spectrometer in the range of 200 to 400 nm. The absorbance maximum was obtained at 245nm. The method development for Pidotimod using HPLC is found to be robust, accurate, precise and USP tailing factor is less the 2 and analytical time is less than 10 min as per QbD norms a robust method should be developed with help of visualized a design space.



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A022

In-silico Investigational Approach of Selected Phytochemicals Against Acetylcholinesterase, a Pesticide Target Protein: As an Ecopharmacovigilance Aid

Khan Dureshahwar

Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad, Maharashtra. *dkmm31173@gmail.com*

According to the WHO, "Ecopharmacovigilance is the research and actions related to the detection, evaluation, understanding, and avoidance of hazardous effects of pharmaceuticals in the environment". In the Aurangabad district of Marathwada, white flies, small caterpillars, aphids, spider mites, and nematodes are frequent pests that harm cotton, sugarcane, and papaya crops. On average, insect pests diminish the yield of essential food crops and cash crops by 15% to 20%. Carbamates and organophosphates were found to be commonly utilized conventional pesticides. We can see that, despite prohibitions and restrictions on the use of chemical pesticides, the use of organophosphates and carbamates continues. Moreover, medicinal herbs being therapeutically used also possess significant toxic, lethal, repellant, antifeedant, fumigant, growth control, and oviposition deterrent effects. Thus, new pest management strategies must be developed in order to prevent damage, save the environment, and enhance public health. As a consequence, a phytochemical database was used to choose the phytoconstituents and plants for the current study. After that, three phytochemicals, scoparone, ascorbic acid, and niacin, along with three botanicals, Citrus limon, Acacia farnesiana, and Aspalathus linearis, were chosen to be studied. Acetylcholinesterase Inhibitor (AChEI) pesticides constitute the majority of dangerous pesticides; thus, using phytochemical database and *in-silico* tools, an attempt has been made to detect action on this receptor and the desired impact, similar to that of traditional pesticides has been achieved. Conclusively, the plants Citrus limon, Acacia farnesiana and Aspalathus linearis that are rich in scoparone, ascorbic acid and niacin can emerge as promising pesticides.

Prashant M. Pawar · Babruvahan P. Ronge · Ranjitsinha R. Gidde · Meenakshi M. Pawar · Nitin D. Misal · Anupama S. Budhewar · Vrunal V. More · P. Venkata Reddy *Editors*

Techno-Societal 2022

Proceedings of the 4th International Conference on Advanced Technologies for Societal Applications—Volume 2



Evaluation of Ondansetron Hydrochloride Interactions with Mannitol



587

Mangala J. Khandekar, Swarup R. Lahoti, Ravindra G. Kulkarni, and Aasiya N. Choudhary

Abstract The present study is to evaluate Ondansetron Hydrochloride (OND) interaction with Mannitol. Attempt has been made to prepare physical mixtures of OND with Mannitolin different proportions. The mixture was subjected to room temperature and accelerated temperature as per ICH guideline 1996. The interaction was studied by IR, UV Absorbance, TLC, Dissolution and DSC. From the study it was clear that C = O is the major site for interaction and more interaction is observed in case of accelerated condition than the room temperature. From the data obtained, it is observed that Mannitol showed the interaction with OND Mannitol cause significant reduction in dissolution of OND.

Keywords OND · Stability · DSC

1 Introduction

To build quality, safety and efficacy in the drug formulation stability testing of pharmaceutical products is required. Capacity of drug substance or drug product to maintain its identity, quality, strength, and purity throughout the expiration or retest period is called as stability [1]. Stability testing is complex procedures involving scientific expertise, considerable time and cost. During the dug development process stability testing is most essential step [2]. Stability testing assures the identity, potency and purity of ingredients during all stages of drug developments [3]. As per WHO the stability of pharmaceutical products depends on humidity, light, ambient temperature, physical and chemical properties of active substance, excipient, diluents, composition of dosage form, manufacturing process, packaging material, container closure system etc. [4]. OND is a 5-HT3 receptor antagonist used to prevent post and preoperative

S. R. Lahoti

M. J. Khandekar (匹引) · R. G. Kulkarni · A. N. Choudhary

SVERI's College of Pharmacy, Gopalpur, Pandharpur, India e-mail: khandekarmangal@gmail.com

Y. B. Chavan College of Pharmacy, Rauza Bagh, Dr. Rafiq Zakaria Campus, Aurangabad 431001, India

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ABSTRACTS: (PBS



SYMPOSIUM - ICPRP 2019-ERA OF BIG DATA

Mokale, Santosh N; Ingole, Kiran; More, Shweta; Sakle, Nikhil; Dhawale, Sachin

Author Information (A)

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PREE

Introduction: Computer-aided drug design techniques were adopted to design a series of novel (E)-N-(N-(benzoyloxybenzilidine)-5-chloro pyrimidine-2- amine as VEGFR and c-MET kinase inhibitors. Objectives: To design new chemical entities for dual kinases inhibitors action (VEGFR and c-MET), to synthesis and perform spectral analysis (IR, ¹H, ¹²C NMR, Mass spectra), and to screen the compounds for their proposed dual kinase inhibitor activity against COLO-205 and HT-29 cell lines. Materials and Methods: The designed compounds were synthesized to afford the desired series followed by evaluating their in vitro anticancer activities. The reaction was carried out by microwave assisted synthesis method. Synthesized compounds were characterized by standard methods of spectroscopy after purification. Results: Among the synthesized compounds, K-1, K-2, K-3, K-4, K-5, K-6, K-7 and K-8 were found to show potent cytotoxic against receptor on COLO-205 cellline, and K-3, K-4 and K-5 on HT-29 cell line. The in-vitro anti-cancer activity result showed that the compounds have protuberant affinity toward VEGFR and c-MET receptors as standard drug pazopanib. Conclusion: The above results revealed that (E)-N-(N-(benzoyloxybenzilidine)-5chloro pyrimidine-2- amine hybridized with various beterocyclic scaffolds could be a

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ID 14. Microwave-assisted Grafting of Locust Bean Gum for Sustained Release Drug Delivery System: Process Optimization and Product Evaluation

S.R Lahoti Sana Kausar, S.N Mokale, and Y.B Chavan

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Introduction: Modification of natural materials by graft copolymerization using various monomers offers the opportunities to tailor their physical as well as chemical properties yielding functional macromolecules that may find a wide range of applications. In the literature, many conventional and traditional methods of grafting are reported. However, these conventional methods are having many limitations like slow reaction, low yield, require high amounts of reactants and non-environmental friendly. In order to overcome these limitations, we used optimized microwave assisted technique with reaction time less than 5 minutes and more than 95% yield. Objectives: The first objective is to optimize the process of microwave-assisted grafting of locust bean gum using Design of Experiment, with respect to various critical process parameters whilst the second objective is to characterize/evaluate the effectiveness and safety of the product as sustained release matrix former. Materials and Methods: It involved microwave assisted synthesis of polyacrylamide-grafted-locust bean gum using ceric ammonium sulphate as an initiator and optimization of process using 2³ factorial design. The grafted polymer was evaluated by FTIR, NMR, SEM, XRD, DSC, elemental analysis, acute toxicity studies followed by histopathological evaluation, biodegradability and hemolytic potential studies. Results: The grafted polymer was found to be non-toxic and biodegradable with sustained release potential over a period of 12hourswith matrix release model. The safety was confirmed by acute toxicity studies followed by histopathological evaluation. The grafted gum was found to be biodegradable and non-toxic. Conclusion: The resulted polymer was having tailor-made properties (depending upon degree of grafting), which is very useful in formulation and development of sustained release dosage form of many API molecules.

KEYWORDS:Grafting, locust bean gum



CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This certifies that

Swaroop Lahoti

as **PRESENTER** at

International Conference on Pharmaceutical Research and Pharmacy Practice cum 14th IIUM-MPS Pharmacy Scientific Conference (ICPRP 2019)

19th – 20th October 2019 | Hotel Istana, Kuala Lumpur



ASSOC. PROF. DR CHE SURAYA MOHD ZIN CHAIRPERSON, ICPRP 2019





LEADING THE WAY





3. 3.2 Number of books and chapters in edited volumes/books published and papers published in national/ international conference proceedings per teacher during last five year

Website Links

S. N.	Name of the teacher	Title of the book/chapters published	Title of the paper	Website Link
1	Khan Dureshawar/H . D. Une	Everything you need to know about High Fat Diet	High Fat Diet : The risk and Benefits in chronic diseases	https://novapubli shers.com/shop/e verything-you- need-to-know- about-high-fat- diets/
2	J N Sangshetti	Machine Learning Approaches and Applications in Applied Intelligence for Healthcare Data Analytics	Diagnosis in Medical Imaging	https://www.tayl orfrancis.com/boo ks/edit/10.1201/9 781003132110/m achine-learning- approaches- applications- applied- intelligence- healthcare-data- analytics- abhishek-kumar- ashutosh-kumar- dubey-sreenatha- anavatti-pramod- singh-rathore
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6	J N Sangshetti	Nanocatalysis: Synthesis of Bioactive heterocycles	Nanocatalyzed Synthesis of Bioactive Pyrrole, Indole, Furan, and Benzofuran Derived Heterocycles	https://www.tayl orfrancis.com/boo ks/edit/10.1201/9 781003141488/na nocatalysis- keshav-lalit- ameta-ravi-kant
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